

Yintoni uhlahlo ?
Iwabiwo Mali?

Rhoqo ngoFebruary, uMphathiswa weZemali ubhengeza uhlahlo-Iwabiwo mali lukarhulumente olubandakanya indlela urhulumente azakusebenzisa ngayo imali, irhafu kunye nendlela azakuboleka imali ngayo kwiminyaka emithathu ezayo. Olu Iwabiwo mali lukazweloneke lucacisa indlela ezakwabiwa ngayo imali phakathikwamanqanaba karhulumente, ukusuela kuzwelone, amaphondo nomkhandlu-dolphu.

WUHLU



1. Umyalezo ka mphathiswa
2. Ukwandisa utyalo mali nemisebenzi
3. Bayisebenzisa njani imali oomasipala



1. Inxaso yabalimi
2. Isibonelelo senxaso kwabo bahluphekayo
3. Isuka phi imali yaye izakusetyenziswa njani ku 2017/18?



1. linguqu kwerhafu yomvuso
2. Amazinga amatsha erhafu
3. Ukunyuka kwerhafu yamafutha eenqwelo
4. Ukunyuka kwamaxabiso ecuba notywala

LUHLELWA NJANI ULWABIWO MALI

- ① Ekuqaleni kuya kukhutshwe imigaqo echaza iinkcukacha ezifunekayo kuhlahlolwabiwo-mali
- ② Amasebe ka rhulumente ahenglahlengisa iinkqubo zavo, enze nengcaciso yendlela yokusetyenziswa kwemali kwanezbophelko kwiinkonzo zezbonelelo zoluntu.
- ③ Iziphakamiso zemali zithunyelwa kwisebe lezezimali iNational Treasury apho ziayakuxoxwa nzulu khona.
- ④ Iqumru labaphathi jikele, (Director-Generals) bamasebe ahlukeneyo; liqwalasela ezi mfuno zemali.
- ⑤ Emva koko eliqumru liye licebise abaphatiswa abakumqumru oqengqu mali.

- ⑥ I Medium Term Budget Policy Statement, yinkazo yomgaqo-nkqubo karhulumente yohlahlolwabiwo-mali yeminyaka emithathu ezayo.
- ⑦ Iziggibo zohlahlo lobiwo mali oligqibeleyo zenziwa kwi Khabinethi.
- ⑧ Emva koko kubhalwa iincwadi zolwabiwo mali.
- ⑨ Ulwabiwo mali luye lubekwe phambi kwePalamente
- ⑩ iPalamente iye iyishukux eze iluphumeze oluhlahlolwabiwo mali.
- ⑪ Ekugqibeleni uhlahlolwabiwo mali luthunyelwa kuMongameli yena athi alutyikitye ngokwasemthethweni.

UTSHINTSHO OLUNGAQHELEKANGA UKUKHULISA UQOQOSHO LOMDIBANISO

Urhulumente unenjongo zoqoqosho oluqilima nohlahlolwabiwo mali olukhulayo oluzisa uzinzo kwiinkonzo zoluntu. Uhlahlolwabiwo mali luka 2017, iujolise ekuhliseni izinga letyala likarhulumente ngokwehlisa imali mboleko.

Kukwakho neenzame zokuphucula umgangatho wokusetyenziswa kwemali ka rhulumente nokuqinisekisa ukuba iinkonzo zoluntu azichaphazeleki.

Kulindeleke ukuba uqoqosho luhule ngcono kuleminyaka mithathu ilandelayo. Uqoqosho luhule nge 0.5 pesenti ngo 2016, kodwa kulindeleke ukuba lizakukhula nge 1.3 pesenti ngo 2017 ze luhule nge 2.2 pesenti ngo 2019. Elizinga lokukhula koqoqosho Iwamkelekile, nangona luhamba kancinane ukuhlangabezana nentswelo ngqesho nobuhlwempu. Ukucotha kokukhula koqoqosho kuthetha ukuba urhulumente uzokuqokelela irhafu encinane. Uhlahlolwabiwo mali luzakwehlisa uchitho mali nge R10 billion ngo 2017/18 nange R16 billion ngo 2018/19. Oku kuthotywa kwencitho mali, akuzuchaphazel a iinkqubo zoluntu kwakunye nezo zokuphuhlisa uqoqosho.

Urhulumente uzimisele ukumisela izicwangciso zakhe ekukhuliseni uqoqosho ebambisene noosomashishini, imibutho yabasebenzi kwakunye nabemi beli.

Ukuze urhulumente aze nozinzo kwiinkonzo zoluntu nokuphucula ingxowa mali yelizwe, kufuneka asebenzise imali ngobuchule na ngokuthi aphucule umgangatho wokusetyenziswa kwe mali. Kufuneka kuthathwe amanyathelo wokuphelisa nya uchitho lwemali nobuqhophololo. Abemi bo Mzantsi Afrika, kufuneka bancedise urhulumente ukuze kuphunyewze oku.

Kwakhona, kufuneka urhulumente afumane iindlela zokonyusa ingeniso yerhafu. Kolu hlahlolwabiwo mali, urhulumente uye wanyanzeleka ukuba anyuse irhafu nge R28 billion. Ubuninzi bale rhafu izakuvela kubemi beli abazizyebi. Abantu abamnkela imivuso engaphezu kwe R1.5 million ngonyaka bazakuhlawula i 45 pesenti yerhafu. Olu hlahlolwabiwo mali

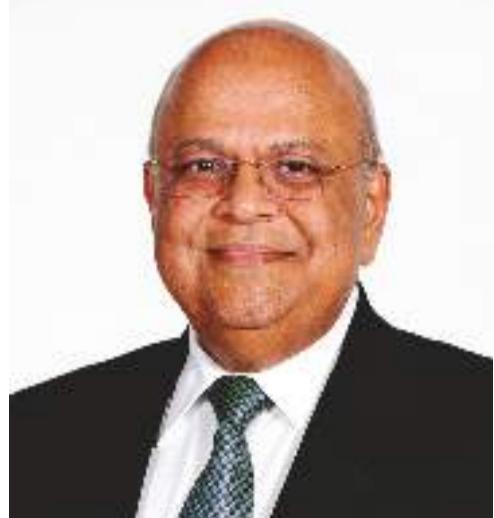
luphakamisa nokonyusa irhafu kwimali yengeniso kubanini beenkampani. Nangona ubukhulu berhafu bubhatalwa zizityebi, wonke ummi woMzantsi Afrika uuyayibhatala irhafu kwaye wonke umtu kufuneka aluthwale oluxanduva lokubhatala irhafu.

Indlela yokwehlisa ulwamvila lwerhafu, kukukhula koqoqosho lwlizwe. Lonto izakufuna iinguqu kwezoqoqosho. linjongo zikarhulumente kukturhulumente uqoqosho ngokunga nikezel nje ubunini boqoqosho, okanye ukukhupha nje imisebenzi ka rhulumente [amatender]. linguqu kumele zakhe ukuphala okutsha koqoqosho, zizise utyalo mali olutsha, zivule amathuba emisebenzi, zidale ubutyebi kwaye zikhase nezentlalo-ntle.

Urhulumente uzimisele ekusebenziseni izicwangciso zakhe ekukhuliseni uqoqosho ebambisene noosomashishini, imibutho yabasebenzi kwakunye nabemi beli. Ezinzame ziquka:

- Ukuphucula inxaso kumashishini amancinane
- Ukonyusa amandla ombane, utyalo mali kwakunye nengqesho eziziswa yinkqubo yabavelisi bombane abazimeleyo. (IPP)
- Ukuqwalasela kabutsha imithetho yentengo karhulumente ze kunyuke ushishino nokuveza namathuba emisebenzi kubantu abantsundu nabasetyhini.
- Ukuphucula ukuthembeka kweenkonzo zothutho zikawonkewonke eziquka oololiwe nenqubo yeebhasi ezikhawulezayo.

Uluntu lungancedisa ngoku qinisekisa ukuba iinkokheli zethu zenza umsebenzi onguwo kwaye baveze phandle ububuqhophololo, uchitho mali kwakunye nolawulo olugwenxa. Ukuqebenzisana kwethu kungenza uMzantsi Afrika abumbane, siguque uqoqosho ukuze wonke umntu ancedakale kunye nokwakha ingomso lethu eliqaqambileyo ■



UMYALEZO KA MPHATHISWA

Bantu baseMzantsi Afrika, uqoqosho ngokwezo politiko lingumceli-mngeni. Ngokufutshane, oku kuthetha ukuba asikwazi ukuqhube ngathi izinto zime ngendlela. Kufanele kubekho iinguqu eziponakalayo kubume boqoqosho ukuze sikhazi ukulikhulisa. Ngaxeshanye oku kuzisa umkhombandlela wotshintsho oluqqibeleyo kwezo qoqosho.

Kwiqondo eliphakamileyo loqoqosho olulawulwa ngabathile, lude lukhatshwe lizinga eliphezulu ehlabathini lokungalingani kune nentswelo-ngqesho, lufuna utshintsho olugqibeleyo ukuze siphume kumgibe woshokoxeko lwezoqoqosho. Ukukhula kwezo qoqosho olubandakanya abantu bonke lufuneka ngokukhawuleza.

Ukugxila kwii marike zemveliso zenza ukuba abo bangohlohollesabo bathethelele izenzo zabo zobuqhophololo, nokuzuza ngokonyusa ubutyebi babo nangakumbi. Elizinga lokugxila kwezi marike luvala amathuba wokungena kwiimarike kune noqoqosho olusesikweni.

Kungoko ke oluhlahlolwabiyo mali lizakuphucula iinguqu ezibanzi nokukhulisa uqoqosho olubandakanya abantu bonke. Lonto ithetha ukuba zonke iinkqubo zikarhulumente zizakujoliswa ekuguqulen uqoqosho ngokuggibeleyo ukuze kuxhamle abantu abaninzi, hayi abathile. Uqoqosho olukhule kakhulu, aluzukuqinisekisa ukukoqelelw kwerhafu eninzi kuphela, luzakusinika nethemba lokuveza amathuba emisebenzi kubemi bo Mzansti Afrika.

lindaba ezimnandi zezokuba oluhlahlolwabiyo mali ludandalazisa ngexesha kulindeleke ukuba uqoqosho lukhule ngeqondo elingcono kuno nyaka-mali ka 2016. Nangona kunjalo, usemkhulu umsebenzi esijongene nawo ■

UKUNYUSA IZINGA LOTYALO MALI NOKWANDISA AMATHUBA EMISEBENZI



Urhulumente uzimisele ukuguqula uqoqosho ngokudala amathuba emisebenzi nokwandisa utsyalo mali. Kukho intsebenziswano eninzi phakathi kukarhulumente noosomashishini elujoliswe ekukhuliseni uqoqosho. Oku kusebenzisana kuuka:

- Inkqubo karhulumente yokuphulisa abalimi abasakhasayo kune nabo barhwebayo ukuze bafumane amanzi, bafikele kwi marike zabathengi kwakunye nenkxaso-mali.
- Uqunyusa imali nenkxaso yokunceda ukhuphiswano kumashishini asakhasayo. Lo gama wona amashishini abucala

ayale imali engange R1.5 billion kwingxowa-mali yokuqequesha nokuxhasa amashishini asakhasayo.

- “Yes Initiative” – yinkqubo yeminyaka emithathu esekwe ukuze kudalwe isigidi samathuba wokuqequesha ulutsha - nkqubo leyo esekelwe uthethathethwano phakathi kukarhulumente, oosomashishini kwa kune nemibutho yabasebenzi.
- Uqusekwa kwe nkqubo yabavelisi bombane abazimeleyo [IPPs], ithe yaphucula unkinkisho lombane, yangenisa utsyalo mali elifikelela ku R194.1 billion kwaze kwaveliswa

namathuba emisebenzi ayi 57 000. Le IPP, yinkqubo yabatallyi-mali babucala, abavelisa umbane ngokusebenzia amandl’elanga kwa kune nomoya ukuze bathengisele uEskom. Urhulumente uzimisele ukuqhubeka ngale nkqubo yabavelisi bombane abazimeleyo nokwandisa lombono nakumanye amacandelo. Kule minyaka mithathu izayo, urhulumente ufafe i-R947.2 billion yotsyalo mali kumbane, kwezamanzi nelindle, kwezothutho, kwezezindlu, izikolo kwakunye nezempiilo ■

OOMASIPALA BAYISEBENZISA NJANI IMALI

Oomasipala banoxanduva lokubonelela uluntu ngeenkonto zezibonelelo eziquka amanzi, umbane kune nokunakekela iidolophu nezixeko.

Kubalulekile ukuba uluntu lwazi ukuba oomasipala bayenza njani imali kwa nendlela abayisebenzisa ngayo. Uluntu kufuneka luthathe inxaxheba ekuboniseni urhulumente ukuba ayisebenzise njani na imali ekuphuchuleni iimpilo zabo.

uNational Treasury [lsebe lezimali] lenza iinguqu ukuze uluntu lukwazi ukubona ukuba oomasipala bayisebenzisa njani na imali. Ngo October ka 2016 kwasekwa i website ye “Municipal Money” www.municipalmoney.gov.za. Le website inika iinkcukacha zikamasipala ngamnye, equka ukuba umasipala ukweyiphi indawo, bangaphi abantu abahlala khona, ngubani usodolophu, ngubani olawula umasipala, ngubani ophethe ezemali, yenziwa njani imali nokuba isetyenziswa njani na imali ka masipala ngonyaka.

Le website ikwa nika nethuba lokubona noku thelekisa ukusetyenziswa kwemali phakathi komasipala. Ikwanika

Kubalulekile ukuba uluntu lwazi ukuba oomasipala bayenza njani imali kwa nendlela abayisebenzisa ngayo

indlela elula yokulandela uhlalutyo lweenkukacha zoomasipala, kwakunye nobunye ubuqili obufundisayo. Abantu bangakwazi ukuthi bayivule le website ngoku sebenzisa unomyayi, nokuba baphi, nangalo naliphina ixesa. Oku kunika inkcukacha ngoomasipala ukuze uluntu lube namandla negunya lokungcambazisa abaphathi boomasipala ukuze benze iinkonzo zoluntu ngendlela efanelekileyo. ■

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UKUXHASA ABALIMI ABAKHASAYO NABO BARHWEBAYO



ntsebenziswano phakathi kuka rhulumente, amashishini abucala kanye ne Land Bank yokuphuhlisa ezolimo ixhasa abalimi abasakhasso kanye nabo barhwebayo ukuze afikelele kwinkxaso-mali, amanzi kwakanye neendawo zothengisa isivuno.

Amaggabantshtshi alentsebenziswano aquka oku:

- I Land Bank igqibezela inkubo ye nkxaso-mali neyemboleko efikelela

kwi R1 billion ibambisene ne Industrial Development Corporation, Commercial Banks namaziko abatyali-mali kwezophuhliso lwemfuyo neziqhomo. Olushishino luxhasa ukusebenza ngamandla ukuze kuthunyelwe isivuno kumanye amazwe lonto ethi yenze inguqu kwezolimo ze kuphucuke nentsebenziswano.

- I Water Administration System, yinkubo ekhuthaza ukongwi

kwamanzi xa kunkcenkceshela amasimi. Ngexa yale nkqubo, kwi Orange River Water Users Association irrigation scheme, kongiwe amanzi angange 681,899 m³ ngeveki. Kukho iinzame zokuba le nkqubo isetyenziswe kuwo onke amaziko okunkcenkceshela khon'kuze kongiwe amanzi kwaye kongezelelwne hektare kumhlaba wezolimo.

- Iqweba le dama lase Brandvlei liqua ukunyusa umthamo walo ukuze livumele ukungena kwamanzi amaninzi. Ukongeza lomthamo, kuquka ukunyusa ubude balo nge 30cm into leyo eyokwenza kongezeke amanzi angange 33 million m³ afunekayo ngonyaka ukuze kunkcenkceshela u 4 400ha womhlaba wokulima. Lo mhlaba umtsha wokulima onkcenkcesheliwayo wokuvelisa amathuba emisebenzi aqikelelwa kuma waka ayi 8 000 kwezolimo. Kwingxoxo zakhe namafama axhamla kulamanzi, urhulumente wenze isiphakamiso sokuba lamafama azibophelele kwinkqubo yotshintsho ngokuthatha inxaxeba ekusebenziseni i-50 pesenti yabantu abamnyama.

- Ukunciphisa ingozi kubalimi abasakhasayo kungabanga ukukhula ngamandla kubo. Isebe lezimali, iNational Treasury ikwinzame sokuseka i nkubo-mali yezolimo eyakuthi ikhusele abalimi abahluphekileyo yokuba khusela kushokoxeko loqoqoshu nakwiintlekela zendalo. Urhulumente uzakuseka inkubo-mali yokukhusela amafama ngokuqala ngenqubo-yolingo, kwi kota yesithathu apha ku 2017 ■

ISIBONELELO KWABO BAHLU- PHEKAYO

mali yesibonelelo yeyona ndlela ilula yokuphelisa indlala nentlupheko. Ngo nyaka ka 2020, inxaso-mali yesibonelelo izakufikelala kubemi beli abayi 18.1 million ngakumbi kubantwana (12.8 million) nabantu abadala (3.6 million).

Kulindeleke ukuba inkxaso mali yabantwana izakunyuka nge R25 ku 2017/18, lo gama eyabo bantu bakhulisa abantwana abangengobabo iyakunyuka nge R30. Inkxaso mali yabadala yona izakunyuka nge R95 ngenyanga ku 2017/18.

2016/17¹ **2017/18**

INXASO MALI YABADALA

R1 505	R 1 600
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EYABADALA ABANGAPHEZU KWE 75

R1 525	R 1 620
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EYAMAGORHA EMFAZWE

R1 525	R 1 620
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EYABAKHUBAZEKILEYO

R1 505	R 1 600
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EYABAKHULISA ABANTWANA ABANGENGOBABO

R890	R920
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ABAGCINA IIIMBEDLENGE

R1 505	R 1 600
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INXASO MALI YABANTWANA

R355	R380
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1. Ixabiso lesibonelelo

ISUKA PHI IMALI KARHULUMENTE YAYE IZAKUSETYENZISWA NJANI KU 2017/18?

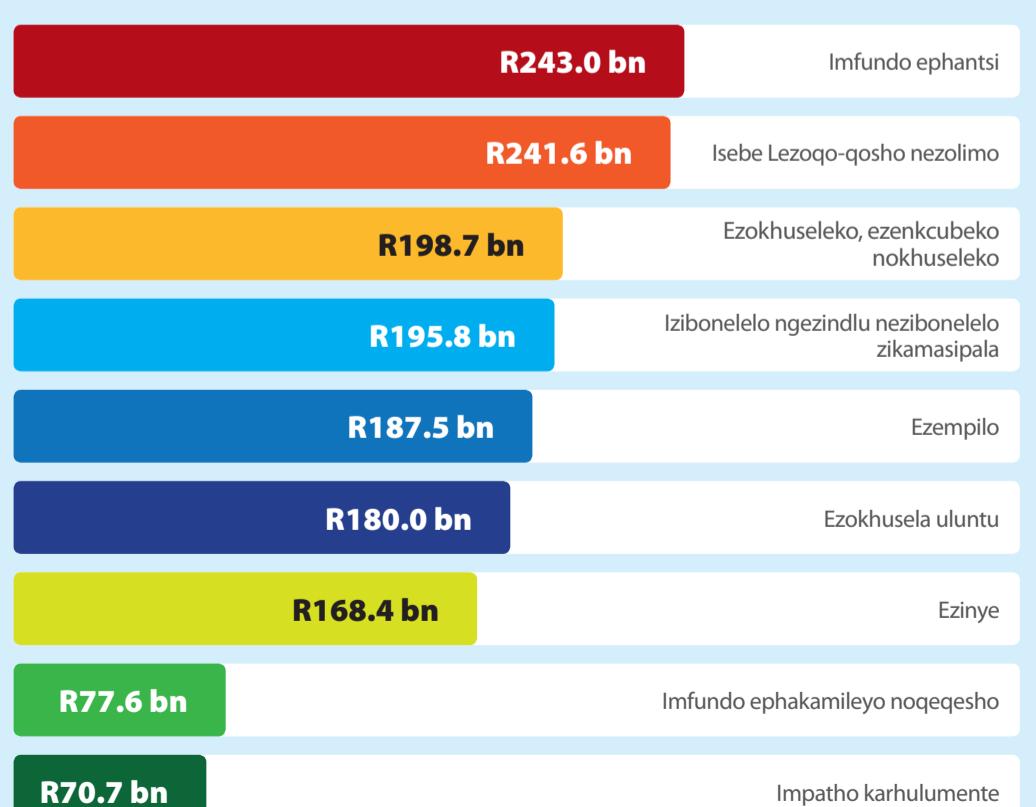
Owona mthombo wemali karhulumente yingeniso kazwelonek evela kwi rhafu ehlawulwa ngabantu bezwe ukuze urhulumente akwazi ukwenza imisebenzi yakhe.

Ukushokoxekakwezo qoqosho kwehlise izinga lokuqokelela irhafu

kunyaka ka 2017/18. Ukuze iinkubo zika rhulumente zibe nozinzo, zisingathee uluntu lweli, urhulumente uphakamisa ukonyuswa kwerhafu; ngakumbi kwirhafu yomvuso neye ngeniso zeenkampani. Kulindeleke ukuba kuqokelelwne irhafu engange R1 265.5 billion nge 2017/18.

INGENISO YERHAFU R Izigidigidi	2017/18	%
IRHAFU YOMVUSO	482.1	38.1
IRHAFU YAMASHISHINI	218.7	17.3
IRHAFU YENTENGO	312.8	24.7
IRHAFU YEMP AHLA ENGENA ELIZWENI	96.1	7.6
IRHARU YAMAFUTHA EENQWELO	70.9	5.6
EZINYE	84.9	6.7
XAZIPHELELE	1 265.5	100.0

IINCITHO EHLANGANISOWEYO NGO 2017/18



2017 BUDGET

**IZICWANGCISO
ZERHAFU**

SARS
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Irhafu yomvuzo

IINGUQU KWIRHAFU YOMVUZO ZIKUCAPHAZELA NJANI?

K oluhlahlolwabiyo mali luka 2017/18, kuzakubakho utshintsho oluquka umnyinyiva kwisibiyeli serhafu ukuze kuthomale ulwamvila lokunyuka kwamaxabiso kubantu abanemivuzo ephantsi.

Umvuzo umntu anokuthi awurhole phambi kokuba anyanzeleke ahlawule irhafu unyenysiswe ngoluhlobo kunyaqa oqala 1 March 2017 ukuya ku 28 February 2018:

Amazinga erhafu

AMAZINGA ERHAFU

Irhafu ezakuhlawulwa kunyaka mali ophela nge 28 February 2018.



IRHAFU YOMVUZO YABASEBENZI (R)	IRHAFU EHLAWULWAYO (R)
0 to 189 880	18% yomvuzo
189 881 - 296 540	34 178 + 26% yomvuzo ngaphezu kwe 189 880
296 541 - 410 460	61 910 + 31% yomvuzo ngaphezu kwe 296 540
410 461 - 555 600	97 225 + 36% yomvuzo ngaphezu kwe 410 460
555 601 - 708 310	149 475 + 39% yomvuzo ngaphezu kwe 555 600
708 311 - 1 500 000	209 032 + 41% yomvuzo ngaphezu kwe 708 310
1 500 001 ukunyuka	533 625 + 45% yomvuzo ngaphezu kwe 1 500 000
li-thrasti ngaphandle kwezo zikhethekileyo	Izinga le rhafu 45%

IRHAFU YENGENISO: IINKAMPANI

Unyaka mali ophela nangaluphi na usuku phakathi kuka 1 April 2017 no 31 March 2018.

Uhlobo	Izinga lerhafu (R)
linkampani	28% yengeniso ehlawulelwa irafu

IRHAFU YENGENISO: AMASHISHINI AMANCINANE

Unyaka mali ophela nangaluphi na usuku phakathi kuka 1 April 2017 no 31 March 2018.

Intlawulo ehlawulelwa irhafu (R)	Izinga lerhafu (R)
0 - 75 750	0% yengeniso ehlawulelwayo
75 751 - 365 000	7% yengeniso ehlawulelwayo engaphezu kwe 75 750
365 001 - 550 000	20 248 + 21% yengeniso ehlawulelwayo enghaphezu kwe 365 000
550 001 nangaphezulu	59 098 + 28% yengeniso ehlawulelwayo enghaphezu kwe 550 000

IRHAFU YENGENISO: AMASHISHINI AMANCINI KAKHULU

Unyaka mali ophela nangaluphi na usuku phakathi kuka 1 March 2017 no 28 February 2018.

0 - 335 000	0% yengeniso yonyaka ehlawulelwa irhafu
335 001 - 500 000	1% yengeniso yonyaka ehlawulelwa irhafu engaphezu kwe 335 000
500 001 - 750 000	1 650 + 2% yengeniso yonyaka ehlawulelwa irhafu engaphezu kwe 500 000
750 001 nangaphezulu	6 650 + 3% yengeniso yonyaka ehlawulelwa irhafu engaphezu kwe 750 000

Irhafu yokuthenga izindlu

UKWEHLA KWERHAFU YOKUTHENGA IZINDLU

I R900 000 yokuqala kwi xabiso lendlu ethengwe ukususela kumhla ka 1 March 2017 ayizukurhafelwa. Phambi komhla ka 1 March 2017, i R750 000 kwixabiso lendlu ibingarhafelwa.



AMANQANABA ERHAFU	UNYAKA: 2016/17	UNYAKA: 2017/18
Ngaphantsi kweminyaka eyi 65	R75 000	R75 750
Iminyaka eyi 65 ukuya ku 74	R116 150	R117 300
Iminyaka eyi-75 nangaphezulu	R129 850	R131 160
<i>Imali entsha yomrholo emiselwe ukuba umtu angabhatala irhafu izakunyuka yakubuyiswa imali yerhafu</i>		
IRHAFU YOBUYISO MALI	UNYAKA: 2016/17	UNYAKA: 2017/18
Eyokuqala(iminyaka engaphantsi ko 65)	R13 500	R13 635
Eyesibini (iminyaka eyi 65 ukunyuka)	R7 407	R7 479
Eyokugqibela (iminyaka eyi 75 ukunyuka)	R2 466	R2 493

Irhafu yotywala ne cuba

IRHAFU KWIZISELO ZOMDILIYA OMFAXANGIWEYO NE CUBA



IZAKONYUKA NGE:
Ibiya
12c inkonxa engu 340ml
Iwayini engamfaxangwanga
23c ibhotile engu 750ml
Iwayini emfaxangiweyo
26c ibhotile engu 750ml
Iwayini ehlwahlwazayo
70c ibhotile engu 750ml
Utywala obenziwe ngeziqhamo
12c ibhotile engu 340ml
Ezikrakrayo
R4.43 ibhotile engu 750ml
Icuba
R1.06 ipakethi ena 20
Icuba elingumgubo
R1.19 ipakethi engu 50g
Icuba lenqawa
40c ipakethi engu 25g
li-Cigars
R6.58 ipakethi engu 23g

Irhafu yamafutha eenqwelo

UKUNYUKA KWERHAFU YAMAFUTHA EENQWELO NERHAFU YEENGOZI ZENDLELA



Ngomhla we 5 ku April 2017 irhafu yamafutha enqwelo izakunyuka nge 30c ilitha. Lonto yenze ukuba irhafu yamafutha ibeyi R3.15 ilitha ye petroli ze ibeyi R3.00 ilitha ye dizili. Irhafu yeengozi zendlela zizokonyuka nge 9c ilitha ye petroli kwane dizili ngomhla ka 5 April 2017.

Irhafu yokuphucula impilo

IRHAFU YEZISELO EZINESWEKILE



Irhafu yeziselo ezineswekile izakubasemthethweni emva kokupapashwa kweminyenyiso ye mithetho yerhafu (Customs and Excise Act. Izinga lale rhafu lizakuba ngu 2.1c igram ye swekile kwisiselo esineswekile engaphezu kwe 4g kwi 100ml.